

# KEY Applied Calculus - Quiz 8

1. Given  $x^5 + 2xy - y^3 = 2$ , use implicit differentiation to find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

$$\frac{dx^5}{dx} + \frac{d(2x)(y)}{dx} - \frac{dy^3}{dx} = \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$5x^4 + \left[ (y) \frac{d(2x)}{dx} + (2x) \frac{dy}{dx} \right] - \frac{dy^3}{dy} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$5x^4 + y \cdot 2 + (2x) \frac{dy}{dx} - (3y^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$(2x) \frac{dy}{dx} - (3y^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = -5x^4 - 2y$$

$$(2x - 3y^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = -5x^4 - 2y \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-5x^4 - 2y}{2x - 3y^2}$$

2. The volume of a cantaloupe is given by  $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ . The radius is growing at the rate of 0.25 cm/week at a time when the radius is 2 cm. How fast is the volume changing at that moment?

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{4}{3}\pi \frac{dr^3}{dt}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3}\pi \frac{dr^3}{dr} \cdot \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3}\pi (3r^2) \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3}\pi (3 \cdot 2^2) (0.25) = 4\pi \frac{\text{cm}^3}{\text{week}} \sim 12.56 \frac{\text{cm}^3}{\text{week}}$$

3. Find the equation of the line tangent to the graph of  $f(x) = 2e^{-3x}$  at the point (0, 2).

$$f'(x) = 2 \frac{de^{-3x}}{dx} = 2(-3)e^{-3x} = -6e^{-3x}$$

$$\text{When } x=0, m = f'(0) = -6e^0 = -6$$

$$\text{Point-Slope Form: } y - 2 = -6(x - 0)$$

$$\text{i.e. } y = -6x + 2$$

4. Differentiate each of the following functions without simplifying your answers.

(a)  $f(x) = (x^4 e^{3x})$   $f'(x) = B \cdot A' + A \cdot B' = e^{3x} \left[ \frac{dx^4}{dx} \right] + x^4 \left[ \frac{de^{3x}}{dx} \right]$   
 $= e^{3x} \cdot (4x^3) + x^4 \cdot 3 \cdot e^{3x}$

(b)  $g(x) = \sqrt{e^{2x-1}} + e^{(1-3x)^5} = (e^{2x-1})^{\frac{1}{2}} + e^{(1-3x)^5}$   
 $g'(x) = \frac{1}{2} (e^{2x-1})^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot (2) e^{2x-1} + 5(1-3x)^4 (-3) e^{(1-3x)^5}$